

# **Examcollection**

<http://www.ipass4sure.com/examcollection.htm>



<http://www.ipass4sure.com>

# 1Z0-852

**Oracle**

*Java Standard Edition 6 Programmer Certified Professional  
Upgrade*

<http://www.ipass4sure.com/exams.asp?examcode=1Z0-852>

The 1Z0-852 practice exam is written and formatted by Certified Senior IT Professionals working in today's prospering companies and data centers all over the world! The 1Z0-852 Practice Test covers all the exam topics and objectives and will prepare you for success quickly and efficiently. The 1Z0-852 exam is very challenging, but with our 1Z0-852 questions and answers practice exam, you can feel confident in obtaining your success on the 1Z0-852 exam on your FIRST TRY!

## Oracle 1Z0-852 Exam Features

- Detailed questions and answers for 1Z0-852 exam
- Try a demo before buying any Oracle exam
- 1Z0-852 questions and answers, updated regularly
- Verified 1Z0-852 answers by Experts and bear almost 100% accuracy
- 1Z0-852 tested and verified before publishing
- 1Z0-852 examcollection vce questions with exhibits
- 1Z0-852 same questions as real exam with multiple choice options

Acquiring Oracle certifications are becoming a huge task in the field of I.T. More over these exams like 1Z0-852 exam are now continuously updating and accepting this challenge is itself a task. This 1Z0-852 test is an important part of Oracle certifications. We have the resources to prepare you for this. The 1Z0-852 exam is essential and core part of Oracle certifications and once you clear the exam you will be able to solve the real life problems yourself. Want to take advantage of the Real 1Z0-852 Test and save time and money while developing your skills to pass your Oracle 1Z0-852 Exam? Let us help you climb that ladder of success and pass your 1Z0-852 now!

# **DEMO EXAM**

For Full Version visit

<http://www.ipass4sure.com/allexams.asp>

**QUESTION: 1**

Given:

1. public class Base {
2. public static final String FOO = "foo";
3. public static void main(String[] args) {
4. Base b = new Base();
5. Sub s = new Sub();
6. System.out.print(Base.FOO);
7. System.out.print(Sub.FOO);
8. System.out.print(b.FOO);
9. System.out.print(s.FOO);
10. System.out.print(((Base)s).FOO);
11. } }
12. class Sub extends Base {public static final String FOO="bar";}

What is the result?

- A. fofoofoofoofoo
- B. foobarfoobarbar
- C. foobarfoofoofoo
- D. foobarfoobarfoo
- E. barbarbarbarbar
- F. fofoofooobarbar
- G. fofoofooobarfoo

**Answer: D**

**QUESTION: 2**

A company has a business application that provides its users with many different reports:

receivables reports, payables reports, revenue projects, and so on. The company has just purchased some new, state-of-the-art, wireless printers, and a programmer has been assigned the task of enhancing all of the reports to use not only the company's old printers, but the new wireless printers as well. When the programmer starts looking into the application, the programmer discovers that because of the design of the application, it is necessary to make changes to each report to support the new printers. Which two design concepts most likely explain this situation? (Choose two.)

- A. Inheritance
- B. Low cohesion
- C. Tight coupling
- D. High cohesion
- E. Loose coupling
- F. Object immutability

**Answer:** B, C

**QUESTION: 3**

Given:

```

5. class Building { }
6. public class Barn extends Building {
7. public static void main(String[] args) {
8. Building build1 = new Building();
9. Barn barn1 = new Barn();
10. Barn barn2 = (Barn) build1;
11. Object obj1 = (Object) build1;
12. String str1 = (String) build1;
13. Building build2 = (Building) barn1;
14. }
15. }

```

Which is true?

- A. If line 10 is removed, the compilation succeeds.
- B. If line 11 is removed, the compilation succeeds.
- C. If line 12 is removed, the compilation succeeds.
- D. If line 13 is removed, the compilation succeeds.
- E. More than one line must be removed for compilation to succeed.

**Answer:** C

**QUESTION: 4**

Given:

```

10. abstract class A {
11. abstract void a1();
12. void a2() { }
13. }
14. class B extends A {
15. void a1() { }
16. void a2() { }
17. }
18. class C extends B { void c1() { } }

```

and:

A x = new B(); C y = new C(); A z = new C();

What are four valid examples of polymorphic method calls? (Choose four.)

- A. x.a2();
- B. z.a2();

- C. z.c1();
- D. z.a1();
- E. y.c1();
- F. x.a1();

**Answer:** A, B, D, F

**QUESTION: 5**

A company that makes Computer Assisted Design (CAD) software has, within its application, some utility classes that are used to perform 3D rendering tasks. The company's chief scientist has just improved the performance of one of the utility classes' key rendering algorithms, and has assigned a programmer to replace the old algorithm with the new algorithm. When the programmer begins researching the utility classes, she is happy to discover that the algorithm to be replaced exists in only one class. The programmer reviews that class's API, and replaces the old algorithm with the new algorithm, being careful that her changes adhere strictly to the class's API. Once testing has begun, the programmer discovers that other classes that use the class she changed are no longer working properly. What design flaw is most likely the cause of these new bugs?

- A. Inheritance
- B. Tight coupling
- C. Low cohesion
- D. High cohesion
- E. Loose coupling
- F. Object immutability

**Answer:** B

**QUESTION: 6**

Given:

- 11. class Mammal { }
- 12.
- 13. class Raccoon extends Mammal {
- 14. Mammal m = new Mammal();
- 15. }
- 16.
- 17. class BabyRaccoon extends Mammal { }

Which four statements are true? (Choose four.)

- A. Raccoon is-a Mammal.
- B. Raccoon has-a Mammal.

- C. BabyRaccoon is-a Mammal.
- D. BabyRaccoon is-a Raccoon.
- E. BabyRaccoon has-a Mammal.
- F. BabyRaccoon is-a BabyRaccoon.

**Answer:** A, B, C, F

**QUESTION: 7**

Given:

- ```

2. public class Hi {
3. void m1() { }
4. protected void() m2 { }
5. } 6. class Lois extends Hi {
7. // insert code here
8. }

```

Which four code fragments, inserted independently at line 7, will compile? (Choose four.)

- A. public void m1() { }
- B. protected void m1() { }
- C. private void m1() { }
- D. void m2() { }
- E. public void m2() { }
- F. protected void m2() { }
- G. private void m2() { }

**Answer:** A, B, E, F

**QUESTION: 8**

Given that:

Gadget has-a Sprocket and Gadget has-a Spring and Gadget is-a Widget and Widget has-a Sprocket Which two code fragments represent these relationships? (Choose two.)

- A. class Widget { Sprocket s; }  
class Gadget extends Widget { Spring s; }
- B. class Widget { }  
class Gadget extends Widget { Spring s1; Sprocket s2; }
- C. class Widget { Sprocket s1; Spring s2; }  
class Gadget extends Widget { }
- D. class Gadget { Spring s; }  
class Widget extends Gadget{ Sprocket s; }
- E. class Gadget { }

```

class Widget extends Gadget{ Sprocket s1; Spring s2; }
F. class Gadget { Spring s1; Sprocket s2; }
class Widget extends Gadget{ }

```

**Answer:** A, C

**QUESTION: 9**

Given the following six method names:

```

addListener      addMouseListener      setMouseListener      deleteMouseListener
removeMouseListener registerMouseListener

```

How many of these method names follow JavaBean Listener naming rules?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 5

**Answer:** B

**QUESTION: 10**

Click the Exhibit button.

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

```

10. interface Foo {
11.     int bar();
12. }
13.
14. public class Beta {
15.
16.     class A implements Foo {
17.         public int bar() { return 1; }
18.     }
19.
20.     public int fubar( Foo foo ) { return foo.bar(); }
21.
22.     public void testFoo() {
23.
24.         class A implements Foo {
25.             public int bar() { return 2; }
26.         }
27.
28.         System.out.println( fubar( new A() ) );
29.     }
30.
31.     public static void main( String[] argv ) {
32.         new Beta().testFoo();
33.     }
34. }

```

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. The code compiles and the output is 2.
- C. If lines 16, 17 and 18 were removed, compilation would fail.
- D. If lines 24, 25 and 26 were removed, compilation would fail.



## Pass4sure Certification Exam Features;

- Pass4sure offers over **2500** Certification exams for professionals.
- More than **98,800** Satisfied Customers Worldwide.
- Average **99.8%** Success Rate.
- Over **120** Global Certification Vendors Covered.
- Services of **Professional & Certified Experts** available via support.
- Free **90 days** updates to match real exam scenarios.
- **Instant Download Access!** No Setup required.
- Price as low as **\$19**, which is 80% more **cost effective** than others.
- **Verified answers** researched by industry experts.
- Study Material **updated** on regular basis.
- Questions / Answers are downloadable in **PDF** format.
- Mobile Device Supported (**Android, iPhone, iPod, iPad**)
- **No authorization** code required to open exam.
- **Portable** anywhere.
- **Guaranteed Success.**
- **Fast**, helpful support **24x7**.



View list of All certification exams offered;  
<http://www.ipass4sure.com/allexams.asp>

View list of All Study Guides (SG);  
<http://www.ipass4sure.com/study-guides.asp>

View list of All Audio Exams (AE);  
<http://www.ipass4sure.com/audio-exams.asp>

Download Any Certification Exam DEMO.  
<http://www.ipass4sure.com/samples.asp>

To purchase Full version of exam click below;  
<http://www.ipass4sure.com/allexams.asp>

|            |                    |                  |         |                  |              |           |
|------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|--------------|-----------|
| 3COM       | CompTIA            | Filemaker        | IBM     | LPI              | OMG          | Sun       |
| ADOBE      | ComputerAssociates | Fortinet         | IISFA   | McAfee           | Oracle       | Sybase    |
| APC        | CWNP               | Foundry          | Intel   | McData           | PMI          | Symantec  |
| Apple      | DELL               | Fujitsu          | ISACA   | Microsoft        | Polycom      | TeraData  |
| BEA        | ECCouncil          | GuidanceSoftware | ISC2    | Mile2            | RedHat       | TIA       |
| BICSI      | EMC                | HDI              | ISEB    | NetworkAppliance | Sair         | Tibco     |
| CheckPoint | Enterasys          | Hitachi          | ISM     | Network-General  | SASInstitute | TruSecure |
| Cisco      | ExamExpress        | HP               | Juniper | Nokia            | SCP          | Veritas   |
| Citrix     | Exin               | Huawei           | Legato  | Nortel           | See-Beyond   | Vmware    |
| CIW        | ExtremeNetworks    | Hyperion         | Lotus   | Novell           | Google       |           |

and many others.. See complete list [Here](#)

